

# Parade of the week



Grodno hosts Babywearing Parade as part of the 3rd annual International Babywearing Week

## Exhibitions

### NATIONAL ART MUSEUM OF BELARUS

20 Lenin Street

Permanent exhibition  
*Belarusian Artists from the 19th-early 20th Century*  
From 6th April. *Amazing Belarus*

### NATIONAL LIBRARY OF BELARUS

116 Nezavisimosti Avenue

From 28th January. *Great Talent, Great Work, Great Heart*  
From 19th October. *Italian Books in Belarus from Bona Sforza's Times*  
From 10th October. *Eternal Jazz*

### NATIONAL HISTORY MUSEUM OF BELARUS

12 Karl Marx Street

Permanent exhibition *16th-18th Century Belarus in Portraits and Heraldry*  
From 8th May. *Reflections of Military Glory*

From 6th May. *Medieval Instruments of Punishment*

### YANKA KUPALA STATE LITERARY MUSEUM

4 Y. Kupala Street

Permanent exhibition *Poetry from Kupala's Land*  
From 27th October. *Planet Belarus*

### CULTURE UNIVERSITY ART GALLERY

1 Oktyabrskaya Square

From 4th May. *Something*

### AIR ENGINEERING MUSEUM

Borovaya village, Minsk District

Permanent exhibition *Aviation from the Past and the Present*

## Theatres

### BELARUSIAN ARMY DRAMA THEATRE

3 Krasnoarmeiskaya Street

21 and 22.10. Sparrow Night 26 and 27.10. The Dog in the Manger

### NATIONAL ACADEMIC BOLSHOI OPERA AND BALLET THEATRE

1 Parizhskoy Kommuny Square

21.10. Carmen 22.10. Russian Seasons of 21st Century 23.10. The Three Little Pigs 25.10. The Snow Maiden 26.10. Swam Lake 27.10. Aleko. Bolero

### REPUBLICAN THEATRE OF BELARUSIAN DRAMA

44 Kropotkin Street

21.10. Who Would Love the Madam? 22.10. Jean and Beatrice 23.10. Around the Capital 24.10. Performance №7 25.10. Adel 26.10. Adam Jokes

### NEW DRAMA THEATRE

16 Liza Chaikina Street

21.10. Reloading 25.10. Bridal Shower for Eternal Rest 26 and 27.10. Mad Money

### YANKA KUPALA NATIONAL ACADEMIC THEATRE

7 Engels Street

23.10. Baroque-Style Love 24.10. Pinsk Gentry 26.10. Belarus in Fantastic Stories

### MAXIM GORKY NATIONAL ACADEMIC THEATRE

5 Volodarsky Street

21.10. An Ideal Husband 22.10. Russian Vaudevilles 23.10. The Frog Princess 25.10. The Abandoned Woman (The Stepmother) 26.10. Ninochka 27.10. Pane Kokhanku

### MODERN ARTS THEATRE

5 Oktyabrskaya Street

22.10. Folks 23.10. Prostokvashino Holidays

## Concerts

### LARGE HALL AT THE PHILHARMONIC

50 Nezavisimosti Avenue

21.10. I.Zhiniovich National Academic Orchestra of Belarus 22.10. Svyata Belarusian State Ensemble of Folk Music

# Kaleidoscope of history unveiled

## October of decades and centuries past comes to life

**22nd October.** In 1837, historian and Slavist-philologist **Vikenty Makushev** was born.

**22nd October.** In 1952, Belarusian artist **Sergey Pchelintsev** was born.

**22nd October.** In 1933, **Igor Dobrolyubov** was born — a film director, Honoured Figure of Arts and People's Artist of Belarus.

**22nd October.** In 1918, poet, prose writer and publicist **Ales Bozhko** was born in Dolginovo, in the Grodno Region's Korelichy District.

**23rd October.** In 1823, **Adam Plug** (Antoni Petkevich) was born in the village of Zamostie, in the Slutsk District — a Polish and Belarusian writer and publicist.

**24th October.** In 1901, actress and People's Artist of Belarus **Y. K. Glebovskaya** was born.

**24th October.** In 1911, **Ivan Saikov** — a singer and People's Artist of Belarus — was born.

**25th October.** In 1913, Belarusian cameraman and film director, Honoured Figure of Arts of the BSSR **Vladimir Tseslyuk** was born.

**24th October.** In 1928, Belarusian linguist **Adam Suprun** was born, known for research in the field of theoretical and applied linguistics, grammar, lexicology and the history of Slavonic languages as well as in methods of teaching the Russian language in national schools.

**25th October.** In 1936, film director

**Victor Turov** was born — a People's Artist of Belarus and the USSR.

**25th October.** In 1933, **Ninel Schastnaya** was born — an artist and Honoured Figure of Arts of Belarus.

**22nd October.** In 1944, the Belarusian State Museum of Great Patriotic War History opened in the House of Trade Unions in Svobody Square.

**22nd October.** In 1923, the first issue of the literary-artistic and public-political journal *Molodnyak* was released.

**22nd October.** In 1744, King and Grand Duke Augustus III approved a special document for Minsk, approving the city's former privileges and warning against law violation. It also prohibited Main Tribunal's sittings at the City Hall.

**23rd October.** In 1924, the first passenger bus appeared on Minsk's streets. It could carry 29 people and moved at a speed of just over 30 versts per hour (verst being a Russian unit of distance equal to 1.067 kilometres).

**24th October.** In 1913, Minsk's Governor gained royal permission to open a branch of the international physical development society — Sanitas. Simultaneously, the first football team was established in the city.

**24th October.** In 2001, the Minsk City Council of Deputies adopted *The Minsk Song* (lyrics by Ignat Pankevich, music by Vladimir Olovnikov) as the anthem of the capital.

**26th October.** In 1923, the Minsk

workers' vocational school became the Belarusian Workers' Electro-Mechanical Vocational School, with two departments: electro-technical and mechanical.

**26th October.** In 1938, Moscow's Puppet Theatre began its tour to Minsk.

**26th October.** In 1935, Minsk's Radio Station began installing wired-radio outlets at flats of Minsk's best workers.



**27th October.** In 1903, Minsk's City Council chose the site where, in 1910, St. Simon and Helen's Cathedral would be built.

**27th October.** In 1959, Minsk City Council Presidium approved a detailed plan for a new residential suburb in the capital — Masyukovshchina.

**27th October.** In 1988, Belarusian Scientific-Production Association of Meat and Milk Products was set up in Minsk.